tices, eight circuit judges, the speaker of the house of representatives, fifteen members of the house, and five senators, escorted by the South Carolina

MR. C. P. LATHAM WAS NOMINATED

parties. To satisfy the Republicans

and accompanied by a band.

# ANOTHER CRISIS.

THE PRESIDENT GROWING WEAKER.

The Cabinet Summoned to Long Branch-The Patient Asks and Is Informed of His Condition—The Lungs Seriously Af-fected—Official Bulletins.

Special to THE REPUBLICAN.

"How about the wound?"

"Ho about the wound?"

"It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge is scanty and saulous—that is, thin and bloody. Idon't like that feature in the case at all."

"Has his lung troubled him much?"

"Well, yes; a good deal. He has had paroxysms.

of coughing that rack him pretty severely. At the

"They don't think of tapping the lung?"
"Oh, no; he couldn't stand any such operation,

"His face does not show it much, but there are the characteristic spots or discolorations on various parts of his body."

"How are they treating the wound?"

"How are they treating the wound?"
"Same as usual—wash it out with a weak solution of permanganate of potash."
In conclusion Dr. Boynton said: "I realize more
and more every day that this blood-poisoning has
got a terrible grip on him. From a medical standpoint the chances are certainly against him."
"There has been great any lety to day, both here

"There has been great anxiety to day, both here and in the cities," I remarked. "Well, he hasn't been as well to-day, and of course everybody knows that he can't lose much and survive. Still he has been better this afternoon. Possibly also the public hasn't got used to the new-fangled bulletins yet. I believe they are oning to try to come somewhere near the truth after this," he said, with a laugh. Indeed it is possible that we were all slightly

stampeded to day by the statements contained in the morning bulletin. The sad fact remains, however, that after a residence here of nearly two weeks the President's chances are as

NINETY-MINE TO ONE AGAINST HIM.

To sum up, he has made no perceptible gain in strength or weight. The wound has done well in appearance only, not in fact. Fever still worries and consumes him. Septi-essmia, to use the mild term, is officially admitted. A pulmonary abscess exists, and the prime cause or causes of these destructive conditions and complications are still in operation. In opposition so this formidable array are set an unconquerable will and a spiendid constitution.

These are the facts. The readers of THE REFURLICAN can balance for themselves the probabilities.

DB. BLUS IN HIS CONVERSATION
with the press representatives this evening fully
admitted the gravity of the situation. His statements will be found in the Associated Press disments will be found in the Associated Frees dis-patches. It is reported that the President asked Dr. Hamilton this afternoon what he thought of his condition. The Doctor replied, "Mr. President, your condition is very critical." "I thought so," General Garfield rejoined, and soon passed into a partially unconscious state.

Midnight—So far as can be ascertained no new developments have occurred. The Private Secre-tary's cottage is dark, and Francklyn is quiet and d against all intrusion.

LONG BRANCH, Sept. 16 .- The day opened set in yesterday, followed by a driving rain dur ing the night, which has continued ever since The steady roar of the ocean, the howling of the wind (which blows almost a gale), and the deserted streets rendered the favorite seaside resor decidedly gloomy and uninteresting to-day. The President commenced the day under a cloud, and his condition is a source of extreme anxiety. Dr. Boynton, who was the first of the attendants seen

How did the President pass the night, Doctor? "I did not sit up, but I understand only tolera-Was there any great increase of coughing dur

terviewed on the general situation as follows:

ing the night?"
"Yes; I slept in the room adjoining the Presi dent, and I noticed that he coughed considerably during the carly part of the night. I went into his room about four o'clock and found that his circulation was quite good."

"Do you mean by that that his pulse was of a good character?"
"Comparatively good; it was not a healthy,

high did the pulse run up during the febrile rise last night?"

"To about 125 last night—that is customary, how-

ever."
"Do you think there has been a decidedly unfavorable turn to-day?" "Well, I would not say that. It is like this: The President is suffering from the effects of blood-polsoning, and he is decidedly and apprehensively weak. I hope he will overcome the extreme loss of strength and rally, but it is a question whether he will or not be able to do this. I see a very gradual but perceptibly sure decent in his case. He has his ups and downs, his bright days and his duli days; but looking back and following the case to the present there has been a gradual loss of ground. I feel somewhat discouraged with the outlook to-day, but I have not lost hope nor will not, as I think he is going to pull through, but it will be tedious and wearisome work for him. The wound commenced looking less favorable yesterday morning and has grown worse ever since. The discharge from it is thin and of a watery character, indicating extremo weakness of the patient. There are no indications of other complications excepting the reappearance of bed-sores, which are noticeable to-day. I don't think the patient would be able in his present debilitated condition to undergo another operation such as he has already encountered. Judge Advocate-General Swaim, in reviewing the situation this evening, did not think the President started in as favorably this morning as he did yesterday; but, said he, there is no occasion for alarm. He was of the opinion that

the depression was only temporary. When spoken to about the ballucination of the President, Colo-nel Swaim said that his wanderings of mind con-tinued to a certain extent, but were of brief duration. For instance, said he, last night he wanted to cough, and I gave him the cup. After using is he remarked while under the influence of hallucination, "Put that away and save it." In conver-sation with a representative of the Associated

ATTORNEY-GENERAL M'VEAGH EXPRESSED HIMSELE being extremely auxious about the President's udition. "But," said he, "there is, in fact, nothing particularly alarming in the symptoms beyond the extreme weakness which prevails." The ac-knowledgment of this, however, General Mac-Veagh considered was sufficient to warrant anxlety, notwithstanding the fact that there were no complications observable at this time. He the question as to whether or not the President can overcome the existing debility is an extremely serious one, and that the fever oc-casioned by the blood-poison is always a feature of grave apprehension. The discharge of pus the wound, the Attorney-General said, is not at all good, being thin and more watery than healthy pus should be. The expecteration caused by the condition of the lung, he thought, judicated t that organ is not improving in any degree. In

DR. BLISS SAID there had been very little, if any, change in the patient's condition. The discharge from the wound to-night was no worse than it was this morning, and it cannot be said to be better. Being asked if any blood had been discharged with

the pus, he said a clot, of blood came away with the discharge to-night, which may have colored it some. He said the blood had evidences of being

it some. He said the blood had evidences of being more intense now than for some days. At all o'clock, while preparing the evening builetin, a febrile rise occurred, and still continues; to what it would amount he could not predict.

THE PATIENT'S MIND WAS THOURLED somewhat, but if a question was asked him he would answer it. The Doctor said that while he was with the President to-day he made use of an expression which seemed to indicate that his mind was wandering a little, and that Dr. Hamilton also stated this evening that he had noticed a on also stated this evening that he had noticed a similar remark during the time he was with the

"They don't think of tapping to "They don't they don't think of tapping to "They don't they do "Does he really eat much?"

"Oh, yes; a considerable. It would keep a well man alive and more toe. He assimilates enough to sustain him, but not enough to build him up."

"Are there evidences of blood-poisoning in his appearance?"

everything that we deemed necessary to enable an intelligent person to form a correct opinion. We have concealed nothing that we deemed unfavorable." At ten o'clock to-night DE. BLES SAID the President's pulse had decreased to the said to the president's pulse had decreased to the said to the president's pulse had decreased to the said to the said

temperature was not very much above normal, and notwithstanding the disturbances of the early evening he apprehended a reasonably quiet night for the President. Although he could not say that he expected any marked improvement in the

causes a feeling of despondency, and the general situation cannot be defied as warranting grave apprehensions, and the probabilities are that some time will clapse before the patient will show any substantial improvement. During the past forty-eight hours he has made no progress toward re-covery, and for the last twenty-four hours there has been a slight but perceptible loss of strength. The process of repair in the wound has again come to a standstill. The discharge is small in quantity and quite watery. His attacks of coughing do not recur as frequently as formerly,
BUT ARE SEVERE AND EXPLUSTING.

He expectorates considerable quantities of pus. There is without doubt a fresh access to the lung trouble. The amount of lung tissue involved is considerably greater than it was forty-eight hours consideraby greater than it was forty-eight nours ago. His pulse was rapid and weak during the forenoon, but toward evening became less and stronger. To-night the pulse was again rapid and weak, marking for a time about 150 beats per minute. His condition is such as to put in question his ability to rally from his present state of lung trouble and exhaustion. Although General MacVersh teaching the contract of the Guards Spandau; Caution Although General MacVersh teaching the contract of the Guards Spandau; Caution Although General MacVersh teaching the contract of the Guards Spandau; Caution Although General MacVersh teaching the contract of the tion. Attorney-General MacVeagh to-night noti-ded the members of the Cabinet of the President's condition. His telegram was substantially the ame as that sent to Lowell.

The Cabinet Going to Long Branch. Boston, Sept. 16.—Postmaster-General ames and his wife, Secretary Hunt and wife, and ceretary Windom and wife, arrived in this city secretary windom and wife, arrived in this city this eventing from the White Mountains. It was intended to sait to-morrow on the revenue-cutter Grant, which lies in the harbor, but owing to the unfavorable news of the President's condition, the party will leave for Long Branch o-morrow morning at eleven o'clock via the Boston and Albany Railroad. Secretary Blaine is at his home in Augusta. Colonel T. P. Thompson, of Springfield, Mass., will accompany the party as far as that city.

Secretary Blaine's Movements AUGUSTA, ME., Sept. 16.—Secretary Blaine will not go to Long Branch until he receives word that the President is worse.

THE BULLETINS.

Official Opinion of the Doctors-Mac Vengu's Dispatch to Lowell.

Elberon, N. J., Sept. 16, 9 a.m.-At the examination of the President at half-past cight this morning the temperature was 28.6°; pulse 104; respiration, 21. The febrile rise during the night was not as pronounced as it usually has en. There was at times considerable accelera on of pulse. He, however, slept comparatively well and took stimulants and nourishment as di rected. The cough was somewhat more trouble-some during the first part of the night and the exectoration rather more purulent. The discharge om the wound is less abundant and not quite as nealthy in appearance. The pulse, however, has more volume, and his general condition does not eem to to have materially changed in any respect.

igned by Bliss and Hamilton.1 Elberon, N. J., Sept. 16, 6 p. m.—At the exam-nation of the President at twelve m. to-day the temperature was 99.8°, pulse, 116, respiration 21. At the evening dressing at 5:30 p. m. the temperature was 98.6°, pulse 104, respiration 22. A slight febrile rise occurred at eleven a, m., and had entirely subsided at two o'clock p. m. The condi-tion of the wound remains unchanged. The cough has not been so frequent or persistent but the puta still remain purulent. Nourishment and simulants have been given in increased quanti-ties without discomfort. Altogether his general condition cannot be said to be improved. [Signed

by the three physicians.]

UNOFFICIAL BULLETIN.

ELBERON, N. J., Sept. 16, 2:05 p. m.—Dr. Bliss says here was a slight febrile rise, commencing at deven o'clock, which remained till nearly twelve. At the noon reading of the President's condition his pulse was 114, temperature, 99.6°; respiration, 21. At this bour his pulse is 108; temperature not nuch above normal. The patient has not been placed in his chair to-day on account of the febrile rise which occurred. Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 16.—The following was

sent to-night to Minister Lowell by Attorney-Genoral McCveagh;

There has been no very marked change in the President's condition, but it is not at this hour reassuring. The different symptoms are almost all slightly aggravated. The temperature and the pulse have fluctuated more than usual, and the respiration is rather more frequent, while the character of the discharges continues to be unsatisfactory. There is, therefore, a sensible increase of anxiety.

The news from the President, as Indiated by the morning bulletin yesterday, was not of a very reassuring character, and as the thou-sands wended their way to their business they read the intelligence with alarm. Naturally the desire to hear further news was very great, and during the day, when the telegrams came in attong intervals, groups could be seen collected about the bulletins in the various Departments and the bulletins in the various Departments and along the streets. The later dispatches rather tended to confirm the fears aroused by the morning bulletin, and when the Departments closed the bulletins in the store windows were surrounded by larger and anxious through. There is a growling feeling of distriats of the official builetins, and the people depend for their information mpon the newspapers and private dispatches. The news yesterday from both these sources was not of a reessuring character, and the fireling in the city is one of anxious suspense.

TELEGRAPHIC TWISTINGS.

Forest fires are raging in the vicinity

-It is snowing in Iowa and the southern part of Minnesota. -The Apache excitement is increasing and troops are marching to the San Carlos reserva-tion, 'General Wilcox is concentrating his forces in the vicinity of the hostiles.

-William H. Lyman, a notorious forger, and Robert Bowman, an accomplice, were arrested in Hudson, N. Y., last evening charged with raising and forging drafts on the American Express Com-

-At the business meeting of the retries business meeting of the Fe-tunion of the veterans in Wilkes-Barre, Pa., yes-terday afternoon, resolutions were offered sympa-thising with the family of Major-General Born-side, and declaring that the country has lost one of its truest, the strongest, and wisest counsellors.

### ABOUT YORKTOWN.

each, accompanied by bands. South Carolina will send Governor Hagood and military staff, the lieutenant-governor and State officials, the Chief Justice and two Associate Jus-SOME NOTABLE FRENCH VISITORS.

Descendants of the Frenchmen Who Aided Our Cauxe Over a Century Ago-The Representation of the Thirteen Original States That Will Participate

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 16.—The day has ended better than it began. The President has been werse, but not progressively worse. Contrary to the expectations of all his fever subsided about two p. m., and since that time the unfavorable symptoms have not increased. On the other hand, in the language of the evening bulletin, it cannot be said that his general condition has improved. I had the following conversation with Dr. Boyaton this evening:

"In what respects the President not as well to-day." The changuage of the evening bulletin, it cannot be said that his general condition has improved. I had the following conversation with Dr. Boyaton this evening:

"There has been a general letting down of the vital forces. He has had an increased sense of weakness. His pulse has been unusually variable, indicating weakness of the whole system, and of the beart in particular. His mind has not seemed as bright as usual, and he has not cared to leave "How about the wound?"

"How about the wound?"

"How about the wound?"

"It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The discharge "It has not looked as well to-day. The The Department of State is advised by there was apparently some mistake regarding the consultation yesterday prorning, that Dr. Bliss had not offered any objection to the indication to the septic conditions of the President into the official bulletin, and he desired that the correction should be made in justice to all concerned. Before leaving for New York, when asked about the President's condition, York, when asked about the President's condition, I was a subject to the bulletins for the septiment of the delegate from the Department of the delegation will be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to be Mr. Outrey. It is the intention of the party to the proceed from New York to Newyort in order to accept the invitation extended by the authorities of Baltimore, and thence to Washington and York-town. Two men-of-war, the Magiciente to Mr. Outrey. d'Urville, are ordered to proceed to New York. The last named will anchor in advance at Sandy Hook to await the steamer having on board th delegation, and will escort her to New York. The Magicienne will be at New York the day of their arrival. Besides the French official delegation there will be ten or twelve invited by the York there will be ten or twelve invited by the York-town Association through the Marquis of Roch-ambeau, who has given the following names: 1, Captain Henry d'Aboville; 2, M. Christian d'Aboville, grandsons of the commander of the French artillery at Yorktown; 3, Lieutenant de

Grasse, great-grandson of the commander of the French fleet at Yorktown; 4, M, de Menonville, captain of the Cuirassiers, great grandson of M, de Menonville, ald major-general in the army of Rochambeau; 5, M, de Chabannes La Pallee; 6, M, Jean de Chatillon; 7, M, d'Olonnes; 8, M, Laur de Lestrade; 9, M, de Noailles; 10, M, de St. Simon; 11, M, de Haussonville; 12, M. Clermont Tonnerre de Naud-reuil. The last-named eight in number are con-nected by family ties with officers of the same name who occupied prominent positions in the French army or navy which operated at York-town. M. Edmund de Lafayette has accepted the invitation to be present in the name of his family but he has not made known yet the names of those who will avail themselves of this invitation. A cablegram from Mr. Everett, charge d'affaires at Berlin, has been received at the Department of State to the effect that the invitation of the United States Government through the German Minister of Foreign Affairs to the representatives of Baron Steuben to attend the Yorktown Centennial, has been accepted with great approciation by the the Oder; Lieutenant Von Steuben, Twenty-second Regiment Bastadt; Lieutenant Von Steuben, Thirty-ninth Regiment Dusseldorf, and Lieutenant Von Steuben, Seventy-fourth Regi-ment Hildsheim.

THE TRIRTEEN ORIGINAL STATES. From present indications quite all of the original thirteen States will be represented at Yorktown by their respective Governors, accompanied by their official and military staffs, and also by large numpers of citizens and fair representations of citizen

New Hampshire will be represented by the Governor and staff and four companies of infantry, of about sixty men each, accompanied by a military Massachusetts will be represented by Governo

Long and staff and State officials, escorted by the First Independent Corps of Cadets, about 200 strong, and the Ninth Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, about 900 strong (the latter representing the Irish-American element of the country), and also prob-ably two unattached companies. Two bands will upany the Massachusetts troops.

tion are somewhat delayed, but reports received esterday indicate the probable presence of the overnor and staff and about three companies of that now they are looked upon as men and not tate militia, accompanied by the celebrated Provilence Band.

Connecticut will be represented by Governo Bigelow and staff, ercorted by the First Regiment of Connecticut National Guard, about 700 members ecompanied by Colt's Armory Band.

The neglect of the New York Legislature to ap-propriate money to provide for the representation of that State at Yorktown has been offset, at least in part, by the patriotic liberality of one of the regiments of National Guards, who, by fairs and ubscription samong citizens, entered upon the task of raising \$20,000 to defray the expenses of that regiment at Yorktown, and, as a result, the flag of the Empire State will not be conspicuous by its absence. This regiment, the Thirteenth Brooklyn. commanded by Colonel D. E. Austen, will visit Yorktown with seven to eight hundred muskets and accompanied by Dedsworth's Band, of New York and drum-corps, numbering eighty-three pieces Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, chaplain of this regi ment, will accompany it. The Thirteenth will visit Washington en route and will be received by the Washington Light Infantry, Colonel Moore, and will stack arms in the latter's armory and remain in Washington over Sunday, the 16th of October, On Sunday afternoon there will be a dress parade at the east frost of the Capitol, and that night the regiment will leave for Richmond, where on the next day (the 17th) they will participate in the grand parade and review to be held in that city.

New Jersey will be represented by Governor Ludlow and military staff, escorted by a battalion of Nalional Guards, consisting of six companies of about sixty men each, accompanied by a military band. Wilkes Post, Grand Army of the Republic of Trenton, about one hundred strong, and the Seventh New Jersey National Guard Band will also

be present. Arrangements for the representation of the State of Pennsylvania are still incomplete; but it is stated unofficially that the Keystone State will be in no manner behind its well-known reputation for efficiency and the discipline of its National Guard. It is expected Pennsylvania will send at least one brigade of from two to four regiments. The representation from Delaware will include lovernor Hall and military staff, and one regiment

of Delaware militia, consisting of six companies of about sixty men each, and a military band. The contiguity of Maryland to the scene of the celebration will enable that State to be fitly repreented by its citizens and National Guard. Its delegation will include Governor Hamilton, mili-tary staff, and State officials, and will be excerted by the First Brigade of Maryland National Guard-General Herbert commanding. The brigade in dudes the Fifth Regiment, ten companies, forty five to fifty men each, accompanied by a band also the First Battalion of Maryland National Guard, five companies, fifty men each, with the Frederick band; also the Second Battalion, five

ompanies, fifty men each, accompanied by the

mberland band. Several posts of the Grand

Army of the Republic will also be present.

Virginia's contribution to the Yorktown celebration embraces all its State officials and volunteer soldiery, including Governor Holliday and mili-tary staff and about one hundred distinguished citizens. The troops will be under command of General Fitzhugh Lee, commanding the first bri gade Virginia Volunteer Infantry. This brigade embraces the First Virginia Infantry, Colonel Pur cell, of Richmond, eight companies of fifty each the Second Virginia Infantry, Colonel Baum gardner, of Staunton, eight companies of forty ach: the Second Virginia Infantry, Colonel Wor tenbaker, of Charlottsville, eight companies of fifty each; the first battery of Virginia Artillery, Major Carter, with three howitzer batteries of four guns each. Attached to the brigade there are also about eight unattached companies,

averaging fifty men. The foregoing are all white Of colored troops there will be the First Battalion Virginia Colored Infantry, Major Johnson; six companies, fifty each; the Second Battalion, Major Palmer, of Norfolk; five companies, fifty each,

#### Jarvis and military staff, and about two battalion of North Carolina Infantry, ten companies of fift;

Committee-Over \$2,200 Colleeted and Forwarded.

Centennial Legion, six companies, 250 men, ac-companied by a military band.

Georgia will send the Governor and staff, accom-panied by the Chatham Artillery (which will take the two guns captured from Cornwallis on the field of Lexington, and presented to the corps by General Washington), numbering about sixty men, and accompanied by a band. and accompanied by a band.

As reported by Governor Blackburn, the State of
Kentucky will be represented by himself and mili-tary staff and a battalion of six companies, about sixty men each, accompanied by a band.

Michigan will send Governor Jerome and staff and about two hundred distinguished citizens.

Control of the contro	The state of the s
Nominated for the Senate,	street northwest, and other points for their recep-
Special to THE REPUBLICAN.	tion will be designated in a few days.
epecial to THE REPUBLICAN.	
Harrisonburg, Va., Sept. 15.—General	TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
	REGISTER'S OFFICE.
Mahone spoke here last night to the largest night	W. P. Titcomb \$5 00 L. A. F. Havard \$1 00
audience ever seen in this town. His speech of	Jabez Fox 5 00 W. H. Milis 1 00
three hours was a powerful and eloquent presenta-	A. Wall 2 00 F. E. Bidwell 50
tion of the cause of Readjustment and vindication	M. V. Casey
	1 S. C. Lovelov 100 C. H. Merwin 100
of his course in the Senate. He was enthusiasti-	R. J. Cowing 100 G. J. Bost 80 C. M. Lapham 100 C. V. Miller 100
cally cheered throughout his speech, and his	C. M. Lapham 1 co C. V. Miller 1 co J. S. Van Arsdate 1 co Mrs. Johnson 50
course in the Senate was indersed with unbounded	H. C. Pearson 1 00 M. J. Kinsey 1 00
enthusiasm. He left this morning for his home in	Thomas G. Hensey 50 M. H. Convene 1 60
Petersburg. His visit to the Tenth Legion of De-	W. Blashand 100 A.E. Stephenson 100
	W. F. Gapen 50 D. J. Apple 23
mocracy has been a grand ovation, and the last	J. Johnson
hope of Bourbon-Funderism for recruits to its	R. F. Rittenhouse 50 E. J. Gifford 56 A. Muler 500 M. Crawford 100
ranks from Democratic Readjusters is extin-	George W. Allen 1 00 W. H. Hills 1 00
guished. Mahone and the Readjuster party are	M. A. Wood
	F. B. Simpson
stronger to-day than ever. They are assured of a	1 H. R. Duchman 1 to Maria Stierlin 50
triumphant and decisive victory. OBSERVER.	Miss Donglass 1 00   Lee 25   C. C. Graham 50 H. M. White 50
	C. C. Grafiam 50 H. M. White 50 E. B. Belding 100 W. Gullford 100
Special to THE REPUBLICAN.	
Turney V. Cont 15 The correct	
Lynchburg, Va., Sept. 15.—The conven-	H. Jenison 1 00
tion held by Readjusters and Republicans on the	FIRST COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE.
14th at Campbell Court-House, was one that	PERME COMPTROLLER # OFFICE
shows a determination on the part of the masses of	[J. Tarbell \$5 00 A. J. Chipman \$2 00
	BECRETARY'S OFFICE.
the voters of Lynchburg, Va., and Campbell	W. F. French \$20 00 J. T Hough \$5 00

shows a determination on the part of the masses of the voters of Lynchburg, Va., and Campbell County to actaccording to the dictates of their own consciences and not as political slaves. The bonds are broken, and in future this county and city will show a different state of affairs than has here-tofore or steed. The convention passed of without OFFICE DIRECTOR OF MINT tofore existed. The convention passed off without any of the usual disturbances among delegates and a ticket placed in the field that will unite all THIRD AUDITOR'S OFFICE. and elected, without a dissenting voice, as the choice of the convention for the senate. His position is well known, and his past action is suffilent to assure the Republicans that in case he is decied they will have a man who will be as true to the principles of the party (as we understand them) as the needle of the composa is to the North 

then has the needle of the compass is to the North Pole. Mr. P. C. Grigaby and Mr. James M. O'Brien were chosen for the lower house. Mr. Grigaby is a son of the honorable gentleman who has repre-sented our county on several occasions, and has occupied positions of trust, and, as a man, will do nothing but what he believes to be right, casting aside all prejudices that may exist, and favoring a free ballot and a fair count, equal and exact justice to all men. - Mr. James M. O'Brien is of Irish parentage, and is an honest and hard-working man, and has the confidence of that class of men who feel that in casting a vote for him they will specially the Funders of Virginia, to respect them ore than has been heretofore done. They feel

as machines, and will show their appreciation by voting their full strength for the whole ticket. REPUBLICAN. LONDON, Sept. 16.—The Lancet of this cek says: "The reason of the trouble with Presiweek saya: dent Garfield's longs is hypostatic congestion at heir bases, because of depressed respiration aris ing from long recumbency. Sitting up will probably give much relief, but until all signs of an affection of the lungs have disappeared, the hopeful prognosis constantly cabled here is not well founded, although it may prove a lucky guess."

## CAPITAL JOTTINGS.

COLONEL CORBIN has gone to Long SENATOR FERRY, of Michigan, is regisred in Salt Lake City.

EX-SPEAKER SAMUEL J. RANDALL and mily and Senator A. P. Gorman are in New SENATOR J. E. BROWN, of Georgia, makes

per cent, on store property in Atlanta valued at The Government receipts yesterday ere: From internal revenue, \$601,096.90; customs, PRESIDENT GARFIELD'S SONS, now at Will-

uns College, are to become members of the Alpha GENERAL GRANT is said to have placed

arge sums of money in the hands of agents for the archase of Illinois farms. DR. Bliss is the youngest of the Presi-

ent's physicians. Dr. Hamilton was born in 1813, gnew in 1818, and Bliss in 1825. Dr. Susan Epson, lately an attendant on

Ar the Aztec Club dinner at Wayne, Pa., General Joe Johnston appeared to be making in earnest study of General Grant's face while the atter gentleman was making his speech.

FIVE United States Senators have resigned and one has died since the 4th of March— an unusual number of changes. Three or four other Senators are in anything but good health. "RHODE ISLAND," says the Charleston 8. C.) News, "can find a Senator as able as Senator Sursaide, but will not find one more unright or conscientious, or one more thoroughly gentle-nantly in every relation of public life."

SENATORS GARLAND, of Arkansas, and ngalls, of Kansas, of the Judiciary Subcommittee, stend to make a tour of the principal commercial sties, for conferences with leading business en on the subject of a general bankruptcy law. Major Powell, chief clerk of the Treas-

iry Department left the city yesterday to take his teave of absence in Pennsylvania and elsewhere. During his absence Mr. E. B. Daakam, chief of the Division of Public Moneys, will act as chief clerk. THE address of Comptroller Knox at the innual convention of the American Bankers' Asociation at Niagara Falls on " Dry Bank Statistics

MR. L. U. REAVIS, so long the champion of St. Louis as the capital of the Nation, has aban-loned his advocacy of that city and declared in hvor of Alton, Ill., saying that the latter city " was destined by nature for that purpose." He wants its name changed to the City of America.

GENERAL SHEEMAN has returned to the city from Salem, Mass. On his way home he stopped at the residence of George W. Childs, at Bryn Mawr, where the Astec Club feast took place. He will go to Chattanooga on the 21st and 22d in-stants, if nothing occurs to render it improper or

UNITED STATES TREASURER GILFILLAN. Wednesday, with his three assistants, commenced Virginia representation will number not far from three thousand. Five or six bands will accompany the Virginia troops.

North Carolina will be represented by Governor. signing the drafts to pay the quarterly interest on

## STILL COMING IN.

AID FOR THE MICHIGAN SUFFERERS.

What the Government Departments Have Done Generous Response to the Appeal of the

The responses to the appeals of the Michigan committee for aid in behalf of those made destitute by the recent terrible fires in that State continue to come in. Besides money contributions of clothing and supplies will be gratefully ac-knowledged. It is not doubted that the proposi-tion of Mr. Driver will be followed by similar offers from the proprietors of other places of amusement, and that a goodly sum will be realized from this source. Captain R. W. Tyler, the treasurer of the

and about two hundred distinguished citizens. The military escort will be accompanied by Brigadier-General Whittington and staff and a regiment of infantry, six companies, sixy each, and a band.

Vermont will be represented by the Governor and military staff, escorted by three companies, comprising about 150 men, accompanied by a band.

THE REGULAR ARMY.

It is not intended that the regular army shall form any imposing demonstration. The intention of the War Department is that the army shall be present in sufficient numbers to set as a nucleus to co-operate with the National Guard. The strength of the army at this time will not admit of as large a representation of national troops as could be desired. However, Secretary Lincoln has authorized General Hancock, commanding this military division, to mass at Yorktown during the celebration a force of not less than 1,000 officers and men. This force will be principally artillety, with several light batteries and military bands, and will constitute, in fact, a larger regular force than has ever assembled in this country for any similar purpose. The whole force at Yorktown will be committed the following. Thomas the expected from the business men of Washington will be in every respect a model encampment. There will be about fifty bands on the field.

VIRGINIA POLITICS.

General Mahone's Speech—C. P. Laiham Nominated for the Senate.

Special to The Rippullalex.

		S OFFICE.	
W. P. Titcomb. Jabox Fox. A. Wail. M. V. Chaey. S. C. Love'ov. R. J. Cowling. C. M. Lapham. J. S. Van Arsfale. H. C. Pearson. Thomas G. Horsey. W. Biosland. J. Chaey.	\$60 00 5 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00	I. A. F. Havard W. H. Mills. F. E. Ridwell F. E. Ridwell F. S. Nichols. C. H. Merwin G. J. Boss. C. V. Miller M. S. Johnson M. J. Kinsey M. J. Kinsey M. J. Kinsey M. H. Convene A. E. Stephenson D. Apple. K. J. Gifford M. Crawford W. H. Hills Charles Neade M. Bernard Maria Sterili Lee H. M. White W. Guliford John L. Doty C. P. Wannall	1 00 50 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1
FIRST COS	TPTRO	LLER'S OFFICE.	

PIRST AUDITOR'S OFFICE, Charles H. Gothrie, \$1 00 M. J. Foote, II. K. Leaver, 5 00 R. Bell, Jr. UNITED STATES TREASURER'S OFFICE.

A. W. Johnst

Cash... Police Justice Snell.

INTERNAL-REVENUE OFFICE.

The following is the list of subscriptions ob-almed by Mr. B. C. Morrison in the Navy Depart-nent for the benefit of the Michigan sufferers, viz: W. Easby, U. S. N. \$5.00 George Schultz... A. Goldsborough, 5.00 W. G. Shock..... M. Clarke 50 F. H. Silckney William H. Smith 200 J. E. Potta

Collected in War Department by W. D. Mack

Collected by Colonel D. B. Ainger in the city

C Stevens
W. Barrett
F. Thomas
H. Dant
R. Folite
George W. Clarke
C. V. Cubb Hyatt.... A. Wilber Morean ohn McCormick M. Towers A. De Fard John F. Lipphard Joseph F. Hodgson T. J. Smith Hrittan Hamil

Cash collected by A. W. Bingham in the Post-

Office Department

GEORGE DRIVER'S OFFER. Mr. George W. Driver has addressed the following letter to the relief committee: Mr. George W. Driver has addressed the following letter to the relief committee:

GINTLEMEN: Being desirous of adding the sufferers from the free in Michigan in a somewhat more substantial manner than by simply sending a small contribution, I make the following proposition: I will place my summer garden and the attractions engaged for this and next week at the disposal or your committee for a benefit to be given on any evening of next week that you may designate. If, in addition to these attractions, you could induce musical and other parties to appear on that evening, I would suggest that the programme of that evening, I would suggest that the charge of admission be fixed at twenty-five conis, and that a number of tickets be at once placed in the hands of persons, in and out of the Separtments, for disposal. The total amount has derived from the sale of those tickets will be brined over to your treasurant medical, would suggest that members of your commitments of the sale and collection of tickets for the entertainment. If this meets with your approval it will give me pleasure to consult with your approval it will give me pleasure to consult with your approval control of the pleasure of the penselvental avenue, for that purpose.

A very handsome screen has been given to Colonal Along to be a fall of the substantial control of the substantial contro A very handsome screen has been given to Colo-nel Ainger to be raffled for the Michigan sufferers. Received at the business office of The Republi-can—A half, \$10.

Mrs. I. A. Hopkins contributes a bundle of cloth-log.

Boston, Sept. 16.—Mayor Prince to-day forwarded a check for \$25,000 to the Michigan relief ompany, being the result of the working committee appointed at the meeting on Wednesday at the city hall to collect subscriptions for the Michigan sufferers. President Haldwin, president of the Young Men's Christian Associati on, sent \$1,500 additional to-day, making \$5,000 in all from that as-

BURNSIDE BURIED.

The Dead Senator Laid to Rest-Persons

in Attendance.
PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 16.—The funeral eremonies over the remains of Senator Burnside took place to-day and were very impressive. The body has lain in state in the rotunda-of the city hall since yesterday noon, and was visited by many thousands. A procession comprising the State militia, veteran organizations, members of the State and city governments, and a large cortege of citizens escorted the hearse through the streets to the First tional Church the houses along the cont sing draped in mourning, the city bells tolling, and minute guns being fired. The funeral serv ices were conducted by Rev. Thomas O. Styr. o. the church, and Rev. Augustus Woodbury of Westminster Church, this city, delivered the eulogy. On leaving the church the procession was loined by United States Senators and Representatives, Government officers, the corporation of Brown University, representatives of the Board of Trade, the Historical Society, the Loyal Legion, and many local associations. The remains were conveyed to the Swan Point Cemetery, and deposited in the family plat with a military salute. The places of business were closed during the passage of the procession, and the banks, courts, and city departments were closed for the day. The schools closed half the day. There was an immense concourse from all parts of the State and the surrounding country, and deep feeling was manifested.

THE PALL-BEARERS WERE
Hon, John P. Sanborn, speaker of the State of representatives; Hon. W. W. Hoppin, ex-Gov. of Rhode Island; Colonel T. P. I. Goddard Hon. Lebaron B. Coltus, district judge; Hon. George H. Brown, Rev. George Robinson, D. D., president of Brown University; Hon. Charles S. Beardsley, Hon. Latimer W. Ballon, ex-Representative in Congress; Colonel George A. Fearing, and Major-General J. G. Parkus. Among the distinguished gentlemen present were United States Senators Jones of Florida, Vest of Missouri, Pugh of Alabama, Caueron of Pennsylvania, Hale of Maine, Blair of New Hampshire, Logan of Hilmols, and Hoar of Nassachusetts; Congression Thomas of Hilmols and Morse and Rich of Massachusetts, Hon. Marshall Jewell, General N. P. Hanks, General Daniel E. Sickles, and General Jardine, of New York; General William S. King, of Boston; Adjustant-General Jiliam S. King, of Boston; Adjustant-General John Parker, General John Parker, General John Parker, General John L. Otis, of Massachusetts. George H. Brown, Rev. George Robinson, D. D.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 16.—The hearing in the Malley case was resumed to day. Joseph H. Marvin, who attended the flying horses at the grove, testified that he knew Jennie Cramer by sight and saw her on the horses with a young man on the Friday evening before the finding of the body. He then pointed out James Malley, and said he looked like the man, but he could not swear positively. David Evas testified that he was at the grove on that Friday night, and saw a young man near the flying horses whom he thought was Walter Malley. He never knew but one of the boys, and him only by sight; had known him as James Malley. He had always had Walter in his mind as James. He was pointed out to witness on the street. To the best of his knowledge and belief the man was Walter Malley. Howard C. Fayne, who keeps a bowling alley in the grove, testified that Walter Mailey got a glass of beer in his place between eight and nine o'clock on Friday evening, August 5, and that there was some one in the doorway who did not come in, but said: "Come, Malley, let's be going," or something like that. at the grove on that Friday night, and saw a young

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS. Adjutant-General Drum returned last

ning from Philadelphia Lieutenant-Commander C. H. Pendleon, to the Boston navy-yard.

Midshipman F. M. B. Bostwick, from the Lackawanna and ordered to the Coast Survey steamer McArthur.

rill be represented at Yorktown by General Drum, clonel Corbin, and either General McKeever or Colonel Barr, judge-advocate, United States army, has returned from his visit to New Hampshire. He yesterday received a box of hand-some Indian trappings from one of the officers who brought Sitting Bull in.

The Adjutant-General's Department

Leaves of absence have been granted o officers on duty in this city as follows: Com-

Advices, dated Villefranche, September , received by the Navy Department from Rear-admiral Howell, commanding the European station, report that the flagship Trenton expected to leave on the 7th for Hampton Roads. The Galena was at Leghorn, Italy. The Guinnelsang was on her way to Marseilles, and from there to Fort Ma-hon. The Nipsic was at Villefranche. The health of the squadron was excellent.

M. C. Catter. 10 No. J. H. Lindley 15 S CHRISTIANCY'S GEMS.

THE EX-MINISTER'S ROOMS ROBBED

An Adroit Hotel Thief Carries Off Six Thousand Dollars' Worth of Diamonds and Other Precious Stones-A Detailed De-

scription of the Property.

Ex-Minister Christiancy, since his re-turn to this city from Peru, has been stopping at the National Hotel, and occupies the room formerly used by the late Justice Clifford. Yesterday morning Mr. Christiancy went down to breakfast, first, however, carefully locking the door of his chamber. He was absent from his room about half an hour, and upon his return was astonished to find the door unlocked, the room in a state of confusion, and a valuable box of jewelry missing. He at once sent for the detectives, and an investigation was

A JUMBY WAS FOUND in the room, and the drawers in the bureau had been taken out and put under the bed. The stolen preperty consisted of pins, rings, bracelets, and necklaces, set with diamonds, pearls, rubles, and other precious stones, and was valued at \$6,000. If had been intrusted to Mr. Christianey by au American lady living in Peru, who desired him to bring the articles to this country for her. Upon his arrival in New York Mr. Christiancy left the jewelry with the custom-house officers until it was jewelry with the custom-house officers until it was determined whether they were dutlable, and a few days ago he was informed by the Treasury Depart-ment that he could have them free of duty. He went to New York after this decision, secured the

wednesday. He had

PLACED IT IN A LEATHER BAG,
and when he went to breakfast yesterday morning the bag was left on the bureau. The room
door was fastened with an old-fashioned lock, and as there were no signs of its having been pried open it is supposed that the robbers effected an entrance by means of a false key. The most valuable of the stolen jewelry was a pair of ear-rings set with diamonds, valued at \$800, and the other articles ranged from \$500 down to \$10, comprising in many instances souvenies valuable only for their associations. Detectives Miller and Me-Effresh have been assigned to the case, but a theory at headquarters is that Mr. Christiancy was followed from New York by an expert thief, who carned that he had the jewelry with him.

A DESCRIPTION OF THE STOLEN PROPERTY,

as furnished by Mr. Christiancy, is as follows: Gold buckle, twelve paste stones, \$55; small neck-lace, \$4; bird agate seed, \$8; leontine chain and pin, rubles, \$45; chatelaine attachment, \$20; dia-mond open locket, \$80; eight pearl hair orna-ments, \$25; twenty-two rose diamond ornaments, \$25; thirteen pearl ornaments, \$25; seventeen rose diamond ornaments, \$15; one malachite ball pin, \$5; six diamond bird and flower hair ornaments, gold, \$25; one gold toothpick, \$4; gold-set pin and earrings, pearl and garnet, \$15; fine stone, pearl, and garnet pin, \$15; gold locket, "M. C. U.," \$15; small gold locket, broken, \$10; gold rest-chain, \$5; small cross, gold thimble, sliver thimble, \$1; agate and glass rosary, \$3; seven diamond rings, \$575; oncy soal ring, \$10; one hair memorial ring, \$10; pair carbuncle carrings, \$25; small cross key, \$3; gold guard-chain, dia-mont slide, \$29; pair emerald earrings, \$15; two pearl and garnet ornaments, \$5; pair diamond cluster earrings, \$250; ten malachite vest buttons, stor; gold chatelaine chain, \$15; car spoon, in case, \$5; gold sword charm, \$3; sliver cross, \$1; gold and carbuncle pin, \$10; gold cross pin, \$5; four pins, \$2.50; paste cross, seventy five cents, gold ring mounting, \$4; pearl and diamond broast-piu, \$500; pair double diamond carrings, \$500; diamond heart locked \$175, three rear locklesses pin, 8500; pair double diamond earrings, 8500; diamond heart locket, \$175; three pearl necklaces, \$250; pair pearl and diamond earrings, \$250; pair pearl pendant, \$100; three pearls, \$55; pair gold and topaz earrings, \$25; gold and garnet pin, \$10; pair mosale, pearl, and diamond earrings, \$600; pear-shaped diamond earrings, \$400; pair rose diamond cluster earrings, \$400; pair rose diamond cluster earrings.

earrings, \$75; bow-kuot diamond pin, \$50; pearl pin, \$40; sandal wood ball chain, \$15; gold en-ameled watch, \$50; three broken carrings, \$3; paste shoe-buckle, \$1; green enameled and pearl mosale bracelet, \$500; opal and diamond bracelet, \$250; one cameo bracelet, \$50; topaz and amethyst bracelet, \$25; agate pin, \$5; amethyst and topas bracelet, \$25; cameo pin, \$10; black enameled and diamond bracelet, \$150; black enameled pearl and diamond breastpin, \$50; cameo breastpin, \$15; topaz necklace, \$75; cameo pin, \$10; link bracelet, stone madonna, 30 cents; old cameo earring, \$2.20; stone madonna, 30 cents; old cameo earring, \$2.20; cameo pin, \$2; mosaic bracelet, \$40; mosaic pin and earrings, \$40; medal, \$5; odd earrings, \$5, and three pieces sardonyx chain, \$5. Total value, \$6,000.

THE PRESIDENT'S MOTHER.

Pathetic Letter Relative to Her-Signs of Second Childhood. A letter received here from Cleveland. Ohio, from one of President Garfield's relatives says that Mrs. Eliza Garfield, the President's nother, is beginning to manifest indicati second childhood; that she talks a great deal about "James," as she lovingly terms him, and at times says things which show that she does not fully comprehend the critical condition he is in. When she was informed that the President had been taken from Washington to Long Branch on a special train she became very anxious to know whether "James" had worn his pants on the cars, or whether he had traveled all the way with only a shirt on. She said if he had not worn his pants he was the only man in the country who had traveled such a long distance in the day time with only a shirt on. Again, she was quite anxious to learn whether the doctors had taken "James bathing here or not. She hoped they had, as ho always liked to go in "awimming" when a boy. In this sad episode of our history the figure of this

venerable mother stands out as pre-eminently pa-thetic.—Long Branch Dispatch to Boston Traveller. Indian Agent Tiffany The published report that Indian Agent Tiffany, of the San Carlos agency, is soon to be removed is not correct. It is true that a United states Indian Inspector sent by Secretary Schurz to investigate affairs at the San Carlos agency, early last spring, recommended the removal of Tiffany, and this recommendation was indorsed by Commissioner Price soon after he took harge of the Indian office. Secretary Kirkwood nowever, upon receipt of the report, directed Inspector Gardner to make another investigation of affairs at the agency. Gardner, in his report which was recently received at the Departnent, reported that Tiffany was entirely wanting in the business capacity necessary o manage the affairs of his agency, and recommended that he be requested to resign.

Owing to the President's conditiona successor to Tiffiany could not now be appointed, and the indi-cations are that unless he should commit some flagrant act he will be permitted to remain in his position until his successor can be appointed.
Aside from this consideration the Department
hardly thinks it advisable, on secount of the unsettled and threatening condition of affairs in the Apache country, to send a new man to take Tiffa-

ny's place at present. Secretary Hunt on Rings. The pay directors, pay inspectors, and paymasters in the navy who during the adminis-tration of Secretary Thompson were favored with the "son" places are getting some surprises in the current navy orders of Secretary Hunt, Whether the Secretary is doing the thing wittingly or un-wittingly, it is a fact nevertheless that some of his orders transferring the above-named officers from place to place have the effect of "bursting up" very lucrative "rings," st say the navy people. Picet paymasters and others of the Pay Department are also to be scattered somewhat from time to time, as the Sec-retary shall have opportunity to make critical examina.ion of the subject. Secretary Thompson et . tered Into this reform movement about four years ago with a perfect vim, but soon dropped that kind of civil service. He did apparently break up some "rings," but new combinations were immediately formed with the old dealers and the new pay offi-cers, a d so Secre. "Thompson abandoned the reform work with the remark that "It's no use; it

can't be stopped. They all do it." A Washingtonian Wins the Prize. CREEDMORE, Sept. 16—The attendance to-day was fair. The Pennsylvania take the lead in uny was rair. The Fennsylvania take the lead in the international match, with a score of 652, fal-lowed by the New York team, with 660, and the New Jersey team, with 588. In the championship match No. I Walter Scott, of Washington, takes the lead, with a score 136, followed by G. L. Morse, of Yonkers, N. Y., with 155, and W. J. Jackson, of Hos-ton, with 134.

Base-Batt Games. At Troy, N. Y.—Troys, 7; Clevelands, 10, At Boston—Chicagos, 4; Bostons, 0, At New York—Metropolitans, 10; Buffalos, 8,